

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

Southern Plains Regional Field Office

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Issue: TX-CW3114 Weekly Summary for August 4 - August 10

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Summary

Hot, humid weather was experienced across the state last week. Many areas of the Northern High Plains, Blacklands, and the Trans—Pecos received up to three inches of precipitation. Portions of the Lower Valley and South East Texas received two inches or more of rainfall. The rest of the state received little to no measurable rainfall last week.

Small Grains: Preparations for fall seedings continued across the state.

Row Crops: In areas of the Northern High Plains, some irrigated corn was cut for silage, while in the Blacklands corn continued to mature. Producers in South East Texas anticipate corn harvest should begin in the coming weeks. Cotton in the Southern Low Plains progressed to the blooming stage, while in the Coastal Bend many fields were being harvested. Peanuts continued to peg in areas of South Texas. In areas of the Upper Coast, producers were preparing fields for rice harvest. Sunflower harvest was wrapping up, while soybean harvest had begun in areas of the Blacklands. Sugarcane aphid populations continued to be a

Crop Progress

	Percent of Acreage					
Stage	Current	Prev. Week	Prev. Year	5 Year Avg		
Corn						
Silked	100	99	95	97		
Dough	88	87	74	77		
Dented	76	75	61	65		
Mature	50	45	56	57		
Harvested	17		36	39		
		0.4	0=	0.7		
		-	_	-		
	-	_		_		
	11	9	10	13		
	85	77	98	94		
Rice	00		00	0.		
Headed	96	89	99	95		
Harvested	6		26	30		
Sorghum						
Headed	91	90	83	83		
Coloring			74	68		
	-	_		62		
	46	39	54	49		
	70	70	0.5	0.4		
		_				
		65		_		
	0		0	3		
	39	20	5	2		
Headed Harvested Sorghum Headed	6		26 83	95 30 83 68 62 49 94 81		

concern for sorghum producers in South East Texas, while harvest continued in South Central Texas.

Fruit, Vegetable and Specialty Crops: In areas of the Southern High Plains and the Cross-Timbers, watermelon harvest was active. In North East Texas, pecans had moderate to heavy nut set; however, some trees were exhibiting scab. Sesame harvest was active in the Lower Valley.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Many livestock producers across the state continued to provide supplemental feed due to drought conditions in parts of the state. Cattle body condition was reported as improving in many parts of the state. Feral hog damage continued to be seen in areas of North East Texas, while grasshopper and army worm pressure increased in pastures throughout the state.

Crop Condition

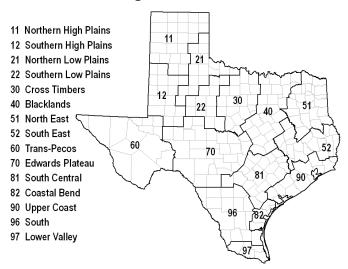
Crop		Po	Index ¹				
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2014	2013
Corn	16	49	28	6	1	80	76
Cotton	8	29	41	16	6	64	55
Peanuts	8	49	33	9	1	75	71
Rice	7	47	43	3		77	77
Sorghum	12	46	31	9	2	76	75
Soybeans	6	43	45	5	1	74	73
Range and Pasture	9	32	35	16	8		

The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

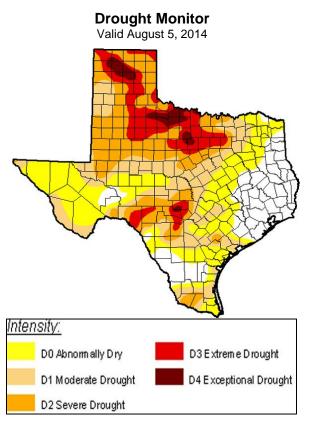
Top Soil Moisture Condition by District

	Topsoil Moisture Condition by District			Subsoil Moisture Condition by District				Days Suitable for	
District	Percentage of Acreage				Percentage of Acreage				
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Fieldwork
11	25	41	29	5	28	36	35	1	6.5
12	25	61	13	1	25	59	15	1	7.0
21	9	43	44	4	14	36	46	4	6.9
22	37	45	18	0	29	49	22	0	6.2
30	14	59	26	1	19	50	30	1	6.3
40	18	37	41	4	13	38	44	5	6.4
51	0	11	81	8	1	11	77	11	6.2
52	14	32	47	7	9	37	47	7	6.7
60	26	55	18	1	39	53	7	1	7.0
70	33	44	23	0	25	45	30	0	6.5
81	34	49	17	0	35	46	19	0	6.8
82	25	55	15	5	28	50	18	4	7.0
90	5	33	49	13	3	22	65	10	5.3
96	30	50	20	0	24	55	21	0	6.3
97	28	66	6	0	25	75	0	0	6.7
State	23	48	27	2	23	46	29	2	6.6

Texas Agricultural Districts



Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/